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INDIANAPOLIS, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1895-SIXTEEN PAGES.

Fair, warmer; cooler Monday.

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84 EAST WASHINGTON ST. + Mail Orders Promptly Filled. +

A CLEAN SWEEP 13 cts.

For a regular 25c Parlor Broom. Get one before they are gone.

25c quart,

Large Queen Olives, extra fine, new importation, in original casks. Try them. 13c pound, elected Spring Chickens, fresh dressed. All kinds of Fresh Meats, finest qual-

ity and lowest possible prices. 45c bushel. Just received, a car fancy Michigan White Potatoes. Try them, and you

won't use any others.

25c pound, Fancy Elgin Creamery Butter-nothing

> 15c pound, Fresh Dairy Butter. 4 1-2c pound, Fresh Crisp Crackers. Sc pound, First-class Rice. 14c dozen,

Strictly fresh Eggs. 20c gallon For the finest Cider Vinegar for pickling

Crushed Java at 16c a pound. Hoffman House Java and Mocha, 35c

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

West, Northwest and Southwest, September 23 and 24.

TICKETS WILL BE SOLD AT

Very : Low : Rates TO MANY POINTS IN

Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Wisconsin, Wyoming. For full information in regard to rates, limits, stop-wer privileges call at Big 4 Railway Offices. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

C., H. & D. R. R.

Grand Combination Excursion. \$1.00 Cincinnati and Return.

\$1.25 Dayton and Return

Sunday, Sept. 29 Cincinnati special fast train, 7 a. m. Dayton special fast train, 7:30 a. m. Tickets good to return Sunday only. Make your arrangements to go and rchase tickets at 2 West Washington treet. GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

MONON ROUTE (Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.)

CHICAGO

SHORT LINE LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

estibule Sleeper for Chicago stands as an Station, and can be taken at 8:30 p. m., information call at Ticket Office, No. 2 PANE J. BRED, G. P. A. HAYLER, D. P. A.

ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

26 & 28 East Washington St.

GEO. J. MAROTT

TO LOAN

Rob't Martindale & Co.,

84 East Market Street.

And must thou go, my summer hat? I fain would keep thee still, Did I not have misgivings that You scarce would fill the bill. But still we had some fun, I think,

When you were clean and new;

If at a girl I tipped a wink I always tipped you, too. They've called you in-your day is done-Go, take a well-earned rest, For, now the summer season's done, I like my fall hat best.

Forty Dozen Tourist Hats—genuine fur—silk lined and trimmed—colors, black, brown and fancy. We'll sell these Hats at

98 cents Each.

They generally sell at \$1.50 and \$2. We bought them so we could sell them at our special price-and sell them quick. Sale begins Monday morning.

Large assortment of Fresh Fruit at Down to a Science

The Manufacture Of

Stoves and Ranges WE GUARANTEE EVERY STOVE

Indianapolis Stove Co. s. MERIDIAN

Two best bargains in Coffee in the city. If You Do Not Want Good Goods DONT BUY FROM US.

We can suit you and save you money IF YOU DO, CAN OFFER YOU

FASHION has pulled the String

In FALL HATS

We Have

A Starter

Distributors of Fine Imported 16 N. Meridian St.

"Young Gibraltar" Drug House, 300 Massachusetts Ave. FRANK H. CARTER.

Mfg. Furrier

In Indianapolis.

Fur garments repaired and remodeled. Bring your Furs now and get them when you are ready to wear them. Satisfaction

Drs. Coughlin & Wilson, Dentists

Expest Crown and Bridge Workers. Fine Artificial Teeth. Painless Extracting with Cocaine, Gas or Vitalized Air. Ladies' entrance (ground floor), Denison Hotel.

The LARGEST as well as the FINEST

line of high-grade

In the city.

P. L. CHAMBERS.

56 W. Washington St.

LETTER FROM GOMEZ.

Condition of Affairs in Cuba Given by

the Insurgent Leader.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.-A letter

dated Aug. 20 was received to-day from

Gen. Maximo Gomez, commander in chief

of the Cuban army, at his headquarters in

Camaguey. The letter is addressed to the

secretary of the Cuban revolutionary party

in the United States and sums up the con-

island. Among other things the letter

"We are on the eve of the constitution

State of Santiago de Cuba-Major

of the government. The representatives of

Rafael Portueondo-Mr. Janquin Castillo, Dr. Manduley and civil engineers P. Aguilera and Major Mariano Sanchez-have arrived

already and those of Camaguey headed by

the Marquis of Santa Lucia are waiting only for those appointed by the State of Las Villas iff order to form the assembly and

ect an executive and cabinet and appoint

with sufficient power ministers abroad and dispecially the diplomatic agent to the

United States, who will be authorized to raise means for the republic. With a few more expeditions we will be able to arm

the rest of our increasing forces, resist the

winter campaign, and extend our occupation

the Spanish have done little to diminish our growing strength. The country from one end to the other is hostile to Spain.

This is our situation and you can make

scend to such low acts as our adversaries

do. The morality and discipline in our ranks are excellent and we take care to

correct the least fault which would detract

Steamer Libeled.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21 .- The Depart-

ment of Justice to-day received a telegram

stating that United States Attorney Ay-

cock libeled the steamer Commodore at

Southport, N. C., and arrested her officers

what evidence the minister had tending to

criminate the vessel's officers or what evi-dence has been secured by the United States

Japan to Build War Ships.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 21.—The Japanese Parliament has voted a credit of 200,600,000 yen for the building of four fron-clad ships, ten coast-defense vessels and fifty torpedo

contradicted. I do not know how

sect myself enough not to de-

Entrance into Bates House Lobby.

11 1-2 WEST WASHINGTON STREET.

You like nice PERFUME. Try an ounce of . Wild Grape Blossom.

50c.

REFORMER'S LIFE IN PERIL.

nother Attempt by Lemont Thugs to Murder Rev. J. F. Clancey.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21 .- Another attempt to murder the Rev. J. F. Clancey, the Lemont reformer, was made last night, but the men who were lying in wait for the of the latter's friends. Dr. Clancey openwere instigated by Mayor McCarthy, of Lemont, who is under indictment for bribe taking, and in whose prosecution the minister played a prominent part. The Rev. Clancey and his friend, J. T. Derby, were notified to-day to keep off the streets of Lemont or suffer the consequences. This has greatly aroused public sentiment and a vigilance committee of twenty members will be organized at once.

FIGHT ON COAL RATES.

The Alton Threatens to Make Warm for Competitors.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.-There is a strong probability that on Monday the Alton not acknowledge that they intended to husbanding as much food as possible, but make the rate \$1, but they said that they would probably "make a rate that will be less than \$2 and it will not be \$1.50." The fight on the coal rates is beginning to affect the class rates and there are scarcely any of them that are being maintained any of them that are being maintained sledge, which the other two drew. His illat the present time. As it has been decided to hold a meeting of the general passengers agents in St. Louis during the lost that adequate medical supplies coming week, an effort will probably be made to see if the tariffs cannot be put on a stronger basis than at present.

C., P. & St. L. Sold. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 21.-The Chihere. The property sold in four parcels, sonville and Havana to Springfield, 120 field to East St. Louis, \$900,000; third por-tion, north and west, from Havana to Can-ton, Fulton county, \$150,000; fourth, the property acquired by the receiver outside of the railway company and mortgages, \$50,000, a total of \$2,000,000. The property was then offered in bulk. The amount bid fell short of the aggregate above, and the sale was made in parcels. The Eastern reorganization committee was the only bidder. The property may be operated by an independent company or sold at the option the buyers.

dition of the military affairs in the excited Free "Reading" for Passengers. CHICAGO, Sept. 21.-Commencing next Thursday the Chicago Great Western will introduce on its limited trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul. free papers and periodicals for the passengers. The road has never heretofore alowed news agents and peanut boys on its trains and the present move will, they think, do away with all desire of the passengers for their presence. Copies of six daily papers three illustrated weeklies, and eight monthly magazines will be placed at the disposal of the passengers, who will be permitted to retain the papers if they desire to do so. No charge will be made for any of the publications, and they will be furnished by the porter to any passenger upon application.

National School Board.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—The movement in-augurated some time ago at Denver toward the establishment of a school board department in connection with the National Educational Association was carried into effect to-day. The officers of the National School Board Association named to-day are as follows: President, Judge George R. Fow-ler, member of the Boston School Board; vice president, Hon. D. R. Cameron, president of the Chicago Board of Education; secretary, J. B. Morton, of Salt Lake City; George Bruce, Milwaukee. The place where the first school board convention will be held has not yet been determined. The choice of cities lies between Boston, Duluth and Los Angeles.

Vapor Stove Combine.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 21.—The Vapor tove Manufacturers' Association of the United States was formed in this city today by representatives of thirteen factories in Cleveland, Mansfield, Chicago, St. Louis, Milwaukee, Loraine, O., Dayton, O., and El-wood, Ind. It is claimed that there is \$4,000,-000 of paid-in capital. Last year's prices were advanced about 25 per cent. for the purpose, it was said, of meeting the increased cost of manufacture. Officers were elected as follows: Charles A. Pope, of Cleveland, president; John Ringen, of St. Louis, vice president, and Frank L.

on Straw Hats -- they're Called In. RETURN OF THE STEAMER KITE FROM HER TRIP TO GREENLAND.

> Has Arrived at St. Johns with the Lieutenant and Scientists Who Went North to Meet Him.

VERY LITTLE ACCOMPLISHED

PEARY, LEE AND HENSON WITHOUT PROPER FOOD FOR DAYS.

Forced to Abandon Their Journey Towards the Pole-Iron Meteorites of Large Size Discovered.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Sept. 21.-The Peary relief steamer has arrived here, with Lieutenant Peary and his companions from Greenland on board. When the Kite reached Whale sound, on Aug. 3, Lieutenant Peary, Hugh J. Lee and their colored servant, Matt Henson, were found waiting for it. The party had only ten days previously returned from their great overland expedition, which had proved a comparative failure. Lieutenant Peary and the others started late in March and made their way to Independence bay, which is the most northerly point of Greenland that he had reached on his previous expedition. Independence bay was reached early in June, but there were not enough men in the party to accomplish any bold venture, They were further deterred from any great reduced from the lack of food, and were obliged to abandon the attempt to make work was but a repetition of last year's failure, although the weather experienced was much more favorable this year than last. Nearly all the dogs that were taken on the expedition died and the remainder had to be shot by reason of the lack of

The Kite experienced splendid weather in the north and started to explore the west side of Smith sound after picking up Lieutenant Peary and his companions, and discovered many new harbors. She traversed the whole coast, visiting Jones sound, Cape Sabine and Littleton island. Perhaps the most most important discovery of this trip was two meteorites of large size and alboard the Kite. Another meteorite, weighing about forty tons, was found, but it was impossible to bring it home.

Many sensational stories are current among the crew of the Kite as to the extremities to which Peary, Lee and Hento either confirm or deny, they were almost starved and were forced eat seal meat and other refuse ip order to preserve

FAILURE OF AN EXPEDITION. Peary and his comparions have but little to say in regard to their experiences. The overland expedition to Independence bay, it is learned, was not only not as satisfactory as had been anticipated, but came and his two companions. They started reaching Independence bay were unable to proceed more than a few miles along the coast just beyond their former stopping place. They reached the top of a mountain and were unable to proceed further on ac-

count of the precipitous nature of the descent. During the trip an unexpected contingency arose, owing to the fact that cover any marks indicating it, and was compelled to continue his journey without the ample food supplies which he had 'reckoned on. The three men-Peary, Lec and Henson-went at once on short rations, an effort will probably be were not on hand and it was feared during the first stages that he would die from ex-

haustion. But he rallied eventually. cago, Peoria & St. Louis railway was sold they had to sacrifice the weaker dogs and to-day on decree of the United States Court | feed the flesh to the others, for it was necessary to sustain life in some of the anithe first, extending from Pekin to Jack- mals as long as possible, to enable their along. Out of forty-nine dogs which started only one returned alive, and all five sledges were abandoned during the two days just prior to the return of the party to Anniversary Lodge. Their safety they looked upon as almost a miracle, as during those last two days hardly a particle of food passed the mouths of any of them and the struggle to reach their home was one of ever-increasing suffering. When the relief expadition reached Anniversary Lodge the Peary party was showing marked evidences of terrible experiences.

Lieutenant Peary was extremely noncommittal in regard to the expedition generally and all of the party declined to express an opinion on the work done, nor will they state what new discoveries have been made. The Kite's cruise, after finding Peary were shot for museum specimens, and Prof Dyche made an unusually large collection of birds at Holsteinburg. The two meteorites which were found are of large size. one weighing about three tons. The great iron stone reported by Sir John Ross, which was also come upon, could not be got off, owing to its unwieldy size and enormous weight. It is believed by the members of the party that the expedition could have Kane's winter quarters, the most extreme point visited by the Kite after taking off the Peary party.

The Kite sailed from St. John's on July gulf, Greenland. On board the steamer direction of Emiel Debitch, a brother of Mrs. Peary. Included in the number were Prof. Bollin D. Salisbury, of Chicago Uni-versity; Prof. L. L. Dyche, of the Kansas State University; Theodore Leboutillier, of Philadelphia, and Dr. John E. Walsh, of

Prof. L. L. Dyche All Right. LAWRENCE, Kan., Sept. 21.-A private dispatch from Prof. L. L. Dyche, on board the Kite. off St. John's, was received in Lawrence this afternoon, saying that he was on board the vessel and all right.

The New York-Obio Senator.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 21.—Michael McIntyre began suit in the Common Pleas Court to-day against Bishop Horstmann, of the Roman Catholic diocese of Cleveland, and three Cleveland priests—Rev. James O'Leary, Rev. J. T. Carroll and Rev. James O'Leary, Rev. J. T. Carroll

from New York to southern Ohio, was side-tracked at the Union Station for a brief time to-day while the Senator held a consultation with Revenue Collector Ohliger and ex-Mayor Farley, of this city. To a reporter Senator Brice said: "My principal business in Ohio is to look after my political and business interests. I do not care to divulge the nature of my talk with Mr. Farley and Mr. Ohliger. I am going to see ex-Governor Campbell, and before I return to New York I shall make a personal inspection of the several railroads in which I am interested."

THREE MEN BURNED.

Result of an Explosion of Benzine at a Paint Works.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 21.-Three men lost their lives and property was damaged to the extent of \$40,000 to-day as the result of an explosion of benzine at the Atlas paint works of W. H. Freed & Co., Allegheny. The dead are:

JOSEPH LASOVIC, aged twenty-one, sin-HENRY TURNER, aged fifty-six, wife and five children.

GEORGE TULE The last-named was burned beyond recognition, while the others were so terribly burned that they died shortly after reaching the hospital. The cause of the explosion is not definitely known, but is thought to have been brought about by an oversight in leaving fire under a varnish kettle when benzine was being used in mixing paint. Freed & Co.'s loss is \$35,000, and Lutz Bros., picklers, in the same building, lose

DURRANT'S TURN SOON

DEFENSE IN THE FAMOUS MURDER CASE TO HAVE ITS INNING.

Prosecution May Conclude Introduction of Evidence on Monday-An Incident of the Trial.

food supply, an obstacle which was fore- case against Theodore Durrant is in. There seen last year. All three of those who are some odds and ends of evidence to prop participated in the journey were greatly the carefully built structure of circumstances, but to all intents and purposes the further progress. In this respect this year's heim, the pawnbroker, had told how Dur-Lamont's rings; after Sademan, the janitor. had said that the gas fixtures which Durrant asserted he had been fixing on that fateful day, needed no fixing whatever; after the long line of witnesses had taken the prisoner right up to the church door after the prosecution had done its best to hang the man they consider the criminal of a century, that man's attorneys were as merry as larks and as confident as men can be. "Next week you will be just as said attorney Duprey. "Next week you will

> acting, their counterfelt of joyous certainty was not to be distinguished from the genuine article. This confidence is what now keeps those who have followed the case on the tip-toe of expectancy. All are look ing forward to the day not far distant when Eugene Duprey shall tell to the jury and the world, in his opening statement of just exactly how he expects to save th neck of Theodore Durrant from the San its confidence good, there will be nothing more dramatic in the annals of the law. Conviction on circumstantial would be an impossibility in the California of every hundred for months past. To have his innocence proven beyond a doubt in a few days by a few bold strokes of evidence would make him the hero of the hour. He would be petted with favors and pelted with adulation. And this is just the position in which those two skilled attorneys of his and his famous detective insist they will

When the trial of Durrant is resumed on Monday, pawnbroker Oppenheim, whose day, will be the first witness. He will be followed by Phillips, a cigarmaker, who says he saw Durrant coming out of Oppenheim's store after the pawnbroker said he had declined to buy Blanche Lamont's ring. That will be proceed to the pawnbroker of the head declined to buy Blanche Lamont's ring. ing. That will be practically all of the case of the prosecution, although some of Durrant's fellow-students at Cooper Medical College may be placed on the stand to show that the body of the dead girl was laid out in the beifry of Emanuel Church in the manner customary in dissecting rooms. Nothing has been learned from authentic sources regarding the defense which will be offered.

Exhibiting Durrant. San Francisco Post.

"Here you are! Look at Durrant for a nickel! A splendid view of the murderer of two young girls. Only a nickel!" An old man with a dingy, dusty beard, a

moth-eaten plug hat and a faded Prince Albert suit, frayed and threadbare, walked to and fro in the corridor of the new City pair of cracked and battered field glasses. Judge Murphy's courtroom across the area. old man in a burst of generosity s rubbing his ear. Who wants to see him rub his ear for a nickel?" and the old man looked around at the assembled crowd. A well-dressed woman stepped hastily forward with a 10-cent piece and took the

nick or you won't see him rub his admonished the old man. "Two looks "One, if it is long enough." "All right, madam. There, do you see

"A little, but he's all blurred. "Screw it this way a little. How's that?"
"Now I can see him. Ugh! Oh, he's aughing. augh for a nickel? Only 5 cents," and the old man tried to drag the glasses away from the eyes of the woman, who was re-luctant to part with them. "Time's up, madam," and he wrenched them out of her

"Who's next?" grasp. "Who's next?"

vesterday afternoon the old spieler exhibited currant at 5 cents a peep, and

ALLEGEZ IRRIGATION RING. "One of the Most Gigantic and Glaring Frauds of the Age."

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Sept. 21.-Robert Foote, State Senator of Johnson county, has written an open letter to Hoke Smith which propose to charge settlers \$10 per acre for water rights, which are not worth over \$1 per acre. The land which the S.ate authorities are asked to have set apart under the Carey law are not desert lands, as contemplated in the act of Congress, Mr. Foote asserts. In conclusion, the Senator says: "The desire is to create a system of peonage or tenantry at will among all our rich valleys where honorable and inde-pendent manhood should be found. God for-bid such a consummation."

Catholic Priests Sued.

been constantly ministered to by three priests. When her will was opened it was found that it had been made shortly before her death, that Father O'Leary had been made executor and that practically all of her estate, amounting to \$4.800 in money and a valuable lot on Hamilton street, had been bequeathed to the other two priests and the bishop for religious purposes. Mc-Intyre sues to have the will set aside on the ground of undue influence exerted on his mother.

ODD FELLOWS' HEADQUARTERS.

Baltimore Selected by the Sovereign Graad Lodge-The Fargo Case.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 21 .- The

Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., adourned at 12 o'clock to-day, to meet in Dallas, Tex., on the third Monday in September, 1896. The closing session of the Grand Lodge began at 9:30 this morning. M. Richard Muckle, of Pennsylvania, the newly-elected grand treasurer, was duly installed. Colonel Muckle was presented to the grand sire, who obligated him, by representatives Wright, of Pennsylvania, and Cable, of Ohio. The matter of purchasing property in Baltimore for the use of the national officers came up. The special committee reported that it had made a thorough investigation and found that the property has a city valuation of \$22,023 and the owners will sell the property to the Grand Lodge for \$28,750. It was voted to purchase the property. This settles the fight of many years' standing as to whether the Sovereign Grand Lodge officers should have their headquarters in Baltimore or Washington.

timore or Washington.

The Fargo case, one of the most important questions of the session, came up and was settled. The committee to whom the matter was referred reported that all of the report of the grand sire on the Fargo difficulty was unhesitatingly indorsed. It also consucred the report of the special committee of this body, made last year, and fully indorsed all of the reports. It was made clear that the home of \$1.500. was made clear that the irems of \$1,500, \$8,800 and \$737.25 were not used or required for legitimate expenses and the relief of destitute brothers and sisters, and that the total amount of \$11,037.29 be returned to the lodges in the different States from which it was received.

of traveling visiting cards to 10 cents each to grand lodges and to all others at an ad-After a hard struggle the proposition to give the grand lodges power to order sub-ordinate lodges or those of the Rebekah

Degree to pay benefits, was lost. The finance committee reported that the estimated expenses for next year were \$69,-668.29, and that sum was apppropriated. It will be raised by per capita tax levied on the various grand bodies.

DYING BY THOUSANDS

CENES ON THE STREETS OF PE-KING, SHANGHAI AND TIEN TSIN.

Victims of Cholera Lying About Uncared for-The Pest Breeding Center of the Universe.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21 .- W. E. Curtis, a well-known Washington correspondent, was a passenger on the steamer Gaelic, which arrived from the Orient yesterday. He went to Japan in May last to study the ommercial and industrial prospects afforded Americans in that country, and lately he has been in China, which he describes as the pest-breeding center of the universe. 'The cholera has attained fearful proportions in China," said he. "Chinese are dying by the thousand. I passed through the treets of Peking, Shanghal and Tien Tsin and saw cholera victims dead and dying on every hand. It is no uncommon sight to see the dead bodies of cholera victims lying a lot of Chinese gorging themselves with raw cucmbers and melons. The cholera is all attributable to the filthy habits of the Chinese and the weather. The summer was quite cool until August. Then a spell of exessively hot weather came on, and with it

"In Peking they have a plan of issuing ermits for the removal of bodies outside he city walls. As is probably well known, mains of a deceased mortal outside the walls of the city, a 'cash' is dropped in a box. A 'cash' is a small brass coin, worth one-twentieth of one cent. At night the 'cash' receptacle is full. It contains from two thousand to three thousand pieces of coin, and when it is considered that nearly all of these deaths result from cholera, the enormous extent of the disease can readily e judged. The disease is as bad at Shang hai and Tien Tsin, and is also mowing down Chinese by the hundreds in other Mr. Curtis said that the cholera is con

fined almost exclusively to the native Chione death among the foreign population had been reported up to the hour he left China. In Shanghai, where the cholera is raging at an awful rate, the fatalities among the foreigners have been much greater. Mr. Curtis said he had been adrised of eighteen deaths. Speaking of the subject which Mr. Curtis went to China to investigate—the commercial and industrial future of Japan-he he had returned to America convinced that he said. "They are stealing our patents and copying our inventions, and are now almost ready to export their wares and thereby enter into ruinous competition with other nations. There is, however, a splendid market for machinery, as well as for using cotton very largely, and here is a pointer for American cotton producers. While a great deal of American cotton is used in the Orient, it goes through English hands before it reaches the Japanese, and the American grower is deprived of the commissions which go into the pocket of the English middleman in Liverpool. Our cotton ought to be shipped direct to Jacotton ought to be shipped direct to Ja-pan. For that purpose we need the Nica-ragua canal; we need the completion of the way. America could sell a lot of cotton in Japan. In two or three years Japan will control the cotton trade of the Orient." The World's cable from Foo-Chow, China, says: The investigation into the massacre of missionaries at Ku-Cheng has been resumed. The flag bearer who gave orders to kill the women in the missions has been brought to Ku-Cheng for trial. The executions this week have had a salutary effect upon the Vegetarians, who will probably stop further persecutions of Christians. The prospects for securing ample justice against the ringleaders of the riots are much brighter than they were earlier

PISTOLS AND FORKS.

Weapons Used by Kentuckians to Kill and Wound Each Other.

I. Ferguson and his two negro employes were tenants on Ferguson's farm. Physicians from here visited the injured men o-day and reported them in a serious

Strike of Brickmakers. makers of the Purington Paving Brick Company, Galesburg Brick and Terre Cotta Company and Galesburg Paving Brick Company struck to-day because the com-panies refused to recognize the Brickmak-ers' Union and because one of the mem-

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

NPRECEDENTED VICTORY FOR AMERICANS ON MANHATTAN FIELD.

Crack British Atheletes Shut Out in Every One of the Eleven International Contests.

SEVERAL RECORDS BROKEN

AND OTHERS TIED BY THE YANKER RUNNERS AND JUMPERS.

Sport Witnessed by Fifteen Thousand People, Who Liberally Applauded the Efforts of the Vistors.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.-Never in the hisory of athletics has these been such a sucessful series of contests held in a single day, the world over, as the international games between the London Athletic Club and the New York Athletic Club's representatives at Manhattan Field this afternoon. Between the smashing of records, hair-raising finishes, and, above all, the entire shutting out of the visitors from even winning first honors in any one of the eleven contests on the programme, the fifteen thousand spectators who gathered within the inclosure, thronging the stands and filling the bleachers, as well as every point of vantage, were kept in a continual ferment of excitement, which was only relieved at times by wild outbursts of en-

the matter in charge had sent out notices left on the bleachers and side stands. The ommittee on arrangements had every seat and support in the stands inspected by experts, and when one section was found to be unsafe in a very small degree they abstained from selling a single ticket for that section, and when the other parts of the grounds were packed to suffocation to-day they had police officers stationed at this particular point, and no person was allowed

to go near it. The entrance gates at the different parts of the field were opened shortly after noon to let in the impatient crowd who were perspiring outside, where they had been standing for over an hour under the blistering rays of the hot sun. After the first mad rush had subsided, the visitors arrived in steady streams, filling all the available space by the time the first event on the programme was called at 8:20 o'clock. The grand stands were filled with the wealth and fashion of New York, and the gay toilets of the ladies were pleasing relief to the background of storm-beaten boards and planks, of which the stands were constructed. There was very little decoration to be seen, with the exception of the flags on the poles which marked the different finishes, while the balcony of the clubhouse was festooned with the American and the British flags on each side. To some of the Britishers the American heat was

just a bit enervating.

RECORDS BROKEN. The man who would have the temerity to predict that the Americans would sweet everything before them would have been aughed at by the majority of those who make a study of athletics. In the 880-yards run, with which the games began, Kilpatrick and Lyons were selected to meet Horan and Lewis, the English representatives After a beautiful race, Kilpatrick won by ten yards. When the numbers went up and the time was announced, beating the world's record by a second, the crowd cheered wildly and argued that this was a good omen for the success of the American team. The hundred-yards dash was the second event. Bradley, the English champion, and Stevenson represented England, while John V. Crum, of Iowa, and B. J. Wofers, of Lowell, Mass., represented the American team. When the pistoi shot rang out Wofers was seen to be in front from the start, with Bradley second, Crum third ley second, about twelve inches ahead o Crum. When the time, 9 4-5 seconds, was Hall that leads to Judge Slack's court- ers reside, he had heard of no deaths among ing, for the world's record had been equaled and the Englishmen convinced that 10 sec-

> onds flat could be broken. The running high jump then interested the onlookers, and while the Englishmer onfessed that they could not come anyyouthful jumper, war selected as a second string to the champion, while Williams, o. the Edinburgh University, and Johnston, o Cambridge, were pitted against them. Al but Sweeney soon fell out as the bar was raised. It was placed at 6 feet 514 inches in order to give Sweeney a chance to break his own world's record of 6 feet 5% inches. plause. Thus he established a new record of 6 feet 5½ inches, which was increased to 6 feet 5½ inches when the height was remeasured at the request of some of the bystanders. Baltazzi was awarded second

> the London Athletic Club, the Englishman fell out and lay on the grass about 150 yards from the tape. Conness finished first minutes 18 1-5 seconds. The 220-yards en brought together Jordan and Downer England, and Wofers and Crum, of New York. Wofers won by fully three yeards rom Crum, who was about one yard be-ore Jordan. Again a world's record had een broken, as the time was 21 2-5 sec In the hurdles, Capt. Godfrey Shaw and W. P. Oakley were against Chase and Cady

Chase managed to beat out the Englis captain by about 2 feet, with Oakley yards back. Once more a world's record was lowered, as the time, 15 2-5 seconds beat Chase's world's record by a fifth o quarter-mile run. Fitzherbert, the Cambridge University man, with a record of 1483-5, was partnered by Gilbert Jordan, in behalf of the Englishmen, while Burke and Sands did battle for America. About one hundred yards from home Jordan took the lead. The Boston boy, Burke, linally caught his man a yard from the tape and won by a couple of inches in a great ef-

won by a couple of inches in a great ef-fort. Fitzherbert was a good third, four yards back. The time was 49 seconds, which was only half a second ochind the walkover, Gray winning the putting of the sixteen-pound shot. Mitchell won the harmer contest with a throw of 137 feet inches, and Robertson, the only Engite ompetitor, was away off, he having signal ouls in his six attempts. In the broad ump, Bloss and Sheldon made 22 feet niches and 21 feet 11 inches, respectively leating Oakley and Mendelsohn, the En

SUMMARIES OF THE EVENTS. This ended the day's sport, which pro so disastrous to the English visitors.